

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

SECRET

25X1A
25X1

REPORT NO.

CD NO.

DATE DISTR. 19 December 1952

NO. OF PAGES 3

NO. OF ENCLS.
(LISTED BELOW)

SUPPLEMENT TO
REPORT NO.

25X1

*Except as noted

THIS IS UNEVALUATED INFORMATION

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Approved For Release 2003/08/12 : CIA-RDP82-00457R015300390005-9

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4. Publications which serve the MSI in Argentina, besides Risorgimento, are L'Italiano, Terra d'Oltramare, and Italia Repubblicana. None of these publications enjoys much popularity among Italians in Argentina. Their circulations range from about 4,500 to 1,500 copies, and consequently they are not profitable to their publishers. In the past, especially during the 1951 Argentine election campaign, they have received Peronista subsidies, but these have been either withdrawn or greatly diminished.
 5. Many of the Italians who were earlier attracted to the neo-Fascist cause have been disillusioned by the activities of the Italian Fascists who came to Argentina during and following World War II. These individuals brought much money with them and, since their arrival, have practically forsaken politics in order to make money in business ventures.
 6. MSI activities in Argentina are carried out by the Raggrupamenti Sociali Italiani (RSI), which works in close collaboration with the Federazione dei Combattenti Repubblicani (FCR). The principal financial supporter of the RSI in Argentina is Dr. Vittorio Valdani,¹ an extremely wealthy engineer who some years ago installed an automobile factory in Russia for the Soviet Government. Valdani has numerous industrial interests in Argentina.

7. The Central Committee of the RSI is composed of the following persons:

Dr. Giuseppe Grillo, president
 Dr. Pasquale Mammana, first vice-president
 Gaetano Limbiati, second vice-president
 Angelo Faretta, secretary
 Leonardo Rosa, vice-secretary
 Giuseppe Mastini, treasurer

The RSI leadership is in close touch with Augusto de Marsanich, secretary general of the MSI in Italy. Marsanich is of Dalmatian origin, but his father was a militant Italian Irredentist who left Yugoslavia after World War I to settle in Italy. Principal correspondents of Marsanich in Argentina are Francesco Di Giglio, Vittorio Mussolini, and Arturo Abati.

8. Arturo Abati is director of L'Italia Repubblicana. He was formerly on the staff of Terra d'Oltramare, a paper now directed by Davide Fossa and Nino Fortuna. The director of L'Italiano is Michele Intaglietta, who has a long record as a Fascist. The monthly Dinamica Sociale, published in Buenos Aires, is also a pro-Fascist publication. One of its principal editors is Carlo Scorza, whose articles are signed "C. S."
9. Ante Pavelic is said to be a frequent visitor to the offices of Risorgimento.
10. Various dissensions exist among the Italian Fascists in Argentina. The movement is split into two principal groups: the republicans and the monarchists. The republicans, whose chief organ is L'Italia Repubblicana, are more numerous. Among those who are trying to reconcile the two factions is Casertano, who is married to a Bourbon princess.
11. Among personal animosities between Italian Fascist leaders is that existing between Arturo Abati and Carlo Scorza. Abati, with Vittorio Mussolini on his side, is also against Francesco Di Giglio because of Di Giglio's connections with Deodato Foa,  is director of the Ansa agency 25X1 in Buenos Aires.

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